make his community a better place to live, and for the positive impact he has had on the lives of others. His actions show that young Americans can—and do—play important roles in our communities, and that America's community spirit continues to hold tremendous promise for the future.

THANKS TO OUR TEACHERS

HON. JERRY MORAN

OF KANSAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 8, 2001

Mr. MORAN of Kansas. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize our nation's exceptional teachers. Today, as part of National Teacher Day and Teacher Appreciation Week, The National Teachers Hall of Fame will announce their 2001 inductees. Congratulations to this year's inductees: Ronald Foreso, Dr. Emiel Hamberlin, Mitsuye Conover, James Quinlan, and Ellen Kempler, for their hard work and dedication to our nation's students.

The mission of The National Teachers Hall of Fame, located in Emporia, Kansas, is to recognize and honor exceptional teachers and the teaching profession. As part of this mission, The National Teachers Hall of Fame sponsors an annual teacher recognition program open to all K–12 teachers throughout the country. For the past 10 years, The National Teachers Hall of Fame has provided a fitting tribute to our nation's most important profession. On June 23, the Hall of Fame will induct its 10th class and welcome many of the 45 NTHF members back to Emporia to celebrate a 10-year reunion.

I would also like to recognize all educators for their contributions to our communities—and to thank those special teachers who have made a difference in my life. Thank you Mrs. Bailey, Mrs. Pruter, and Mr. McCauley and all the others who educated me with facts and figures and instilled in me a love of learning.

Few other professionals touch so many people in such a lasting way. Teachers fill many roles, as listeners, explorers, role models, motivators, and mentors. Educators make a difference in each of our lives. Today, and everyday, I would like to say thank you.

HONORING AVALON FIRE CHIEF JACK T. GOSLIN ON HIS RETIRE-MENT

HON. JANE HARMAN

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 8, 2001

Ms. HARMAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to pay tribute today to Jack T. Goslin, who will be retiring as the City of Avalon Fire Chief on May 31st. Chief Goslin began his career 43 years ago as a firefighter in the United States Air Force and has served the City of Avalon for over 39½ years. Significantly, Chief Goslin is the longest serving fire chief in Los Angeles County history.

His length of service to Avalon and his love for the seaside town is unmatched. He will be missed but not forgotten by all of those friends and colleagues who will gather on May 15th to wish him the very best for a long, active and healthy retirement. I join the citizens of Avalon in wishing Chief Goslin well. He has served the community with honor and distinction and a tenure that will likely be unsurpassed.

250TH ANNIVERSARY OF PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL

HON. ROBERT A. BORSKI

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 8, 2001

Mr. BORSKI. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to acknowledge the 250th anniversary of Pennsylvania Hospital.

Founded in Philadelphia in 1751 by Benjamin Franklin and Thomas Bond, Pennsylvania Hospital was responsible for more than 40 "firsts" in American Medicine. These include the first medical library, the first facility to treat mental illness, and the first hospital to offer free medical services to the indigent.

Pennsylvania Hospital continues to be a leader in health care. The talented physicians and staff at Pennsylvania Hospital are on the cutting edge of innovation in the areas of orthopedics, otorhinolaryngology, and urology, as well as other specialties.

Pennsylvania Hospital is particularly known for its obstetrics program, especially high-risk maternal and fetal services, neonatology, neuroscience and behavior health.

I am very proud to have such a successful and well-respected institution within my Congressional District. I congratulate Pennsylvania Hospital on its 250th Anniversary and extend my best wishes for the future of this fine hospital.

THE ADLER PLANETARIUM MARKS THE 40TH ANNIVERSARY OF ALAN SHEPARD'S HISTORIC FLIGHT WITH A NEW EXHIBIT MAY 8, 2001

HON. DANNY K. DAVIS

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 8, 2001

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to urge all Americans join with me in congratulating and commending the Adler Planetarium & Astronomy Museum as they mark the 40th anniversary of Alan Shepard's historic space flight in the Freedom 7 Mercury capsule on May 5, 1961. This flight and that of Yuri Gagarin, the Soviet cosmonaut whose flight preceded Shepard's by three weeks, set in motion the race with the Soviet Union for dominance in space exploration. These successes set a course that would eventually result in the landing of a man on the moon in 1969.

As part of its new Space Millennium Project, the Adler Planetarium & Astronomy Museum will honor and commemorate the outstanding achievements of the American space program by opening the Dawn of the Space Age exhibit on May 10, 2001. The intriguing saga of the early years of American space exploration is retraced using original NASA prototype rocket models from the Dr. Robert R. Gilruth collection and historic oil paintings by artist Chesley Bonestell.

Dr. Gilruth was the director of NASA's Manned Spacecraft Center in Houston from 1961 to 1972. During his tenure, he directed 25 manned space flights, including Alan Shepard's first Mercury flight, the first lunar landing by Apollo 11 in July 1969, the dramatic rescue of Apollo 13 in 1970, through the Apollo 15 mission in July 1971. Mr. Bonestell's work has been a stimulus to generations of astronomers, physicists, engineers and others who were inspired by his artistry to pursue work in the space program and aeronautics industry.

Mr. Speaker, the last 40 years have seen remarkable changes in space exploration. NASA continues its dominance in space exploration, pushing the boundaries of human knowledge, challenging our most basic understanding of the universe, most recently with the construction of the International Space Station. The Adler Planetarium & Astronomy Museum continues to educate the American public about space exploration and NASA's accomplishments through their innovative programs and exhibits.

FULL EQUITY FOR AMERICANS ABROAD ACT, H.R. 1745

HON. BENJAMIN A. GILMAN

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 8, 2001

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, today I am introducing the Full Equity for Americans Abroad Act, which I request to be inserted and printed in the RECORD at the end of my statement.

This bill provides that all American citizens living abroad will, for purposes of the apportionment or representatives in Congress, among the several States, be included in future decennial censuses of population.

As chairman of the International Relations Committee and as a long time member of the former Post Office and Civil Service Committee I have had numerous opportunities to work with Americans living and working overseas and can attest to the increasingly important role this segment of the U.S. population plays in our Nation's economy and in our relations with countries and their citizens throughout the world.

In this era of growing globalization, we are all aware of the importance placed upon our Nation's exports of goods and services overseas in an effort to provide a strong and versatile economy.

Not only are we reliant on Americans abroad to carry-out exports for the creation of U.S.-based jobs, but we rely on these U.S. citizens to best promote and advance U.S. interests around the world.

Nevertheless, the U.S. Census Bureau does not count private sector Americans residing abroad, despite the fact that the U.S. Government employees working overseas are currently included in the U.S. census. This is an inconsistent, inappropriate policy.

It is imperative that the U.S. Census Bureau count all Americans, including private citizens living and working abroad. Not only will such a policy provide an accurate census, but it will allow Congress and private sector leaders to realize how best to support U.S. companies and our citizenry abroad.

U.S. citizens abroad vote and pay taxes in the United States, yet are discriminated